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# 化学品安全技术说明书

填表时间 2020-01-18

打印时间 2025-10-07

# MSDS标题

KAM YUEN FL. YELLOW 1700 MSDS报告

# 产品标题

颜料蓝16

## CAS号

574-93-6

化学品及企业标识

# **PRODUCT NAME**

KAM YUEN FL. YELLOW 1700

# **NFPA**

| Flammability | 0 |
|--------------|---|
| Toxicity     | 0 |
| Body Contact | 2 |
| Reactivity   | 0 |
| Chronic      | 3 |

SCALE: Min/Nil=0 Low=1 Moderate=2 High=3 Extreme=4

# **PRODUCT USE**

Pigment

#### **SYNONYMS**

"pigment colourant colorant"

## CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS

None

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

**RISK** 

## POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

#### **SWALLOWED**

Although ingestion is not thought to produce harmful effects, the material may still be damaging to the health of the individual following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g. liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality (death) rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health). Gastrointestinal tract discomfort may produce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant quantities is not thought to be cause for concern.

#### **EYE**

There is some evidence to suggest that this material can causeeye irritation and damage in some persons.

#### SKIN

There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects, however the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Entry into the bloodstream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

#### **INHALED**

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

# **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may cause changes in lung function i.e. pneumoconiosis; caused by particles less than 0.5 micron penetrating and remaining in the lung. Prime symptom is breathlessness; lung shadows show on X-ray. There is some evidence that human exposure to the material may result in developmental toxicity. This evidence is based on animal studies where effects have been observed in the absence of marked maternal toxicity, or at around the same dose levels as other toxic effects but which are not secondary non-specific consequences of the other toxic effects. Exposure to the material for prolonged periods may cause physical defects in the developing embryo (teratogenesis).

