MSDS 说明书



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#### 化学品安全技术说明书

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#### MSDS标题

KINGFISHER A413 TUDOR CEDAR MSDS报告

#### 产品标题

氧化铁红;氧化铁

#### CAS号

1332-37-2

化学品及企业标识

# **PRODUCT NAME**

KINGFISHER A413 TUDOR CEDAR

# NFPA

Flammability	0
Toxicity	2
Body Contact	2
Reactivity	0
Chronic	2
SCALE: Min/Nil=0 Low=1 Moderate=2 High=3 Extreme=4	

## **PRODUCT USE**

Pigment

# **CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS**

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

#### RISK

## **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

#### **ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS**

## **SWALLOWED**

Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.

#### EYE

There is some evidence to suggest that this material can causeeye irritation and damage in some persons.

#### **SKIN**

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

## **INHALED**

The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, adverse effects have been produced following exposure of animals by at least one other route and good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product.

## **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may cause changes in lung function i.e. pneumoconiosis; caused by particles less than 0.5 micron penetrating and remaining in the lung. Prime symptom is breathlessness; lung shadows show on X-ray. Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems.