

化学品安全技术说明书

填表时间 2019-12-30

打印时间 2026-05-23

MSDS标题

UNIFRAX FIBERFRAX BLANKET ADHESIVE MSDS报告

产品标题

超细二氧化硅气凝胶;沉淀二氧化硅;矽胶;氧化硅胶

CAS号

化学品及企业标识

PRODUCT NAME

UNIFRAX FIBERFRAX BLANKET ADHESIVE

NFPA

Flammability	0
Toxicity	1
Body Contact	2
Reactivity	0
Chronic	0

SCALE: Min/Nil=0 Low=1 Moderate=2 High=3 Extreme=4

PRODUCT USE

Used according to manufacturer' s directions. Adhesive for ceramic fibre blanket.

SYNONYMS

"ceramic fibre blanket adhesive"

CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

RISK

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

SWALLOWED

Although ingestion is not thought to produce harmful effects, the material may still be damaging to the health of the individual following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g. liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality (death) rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health). Gastrointestinal tract discomfort may produce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant quantities is not thought to be cause for concern. Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments.

EYE

There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons. Not considered an irritant through normal use.

SKIN

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.

INHALED

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product.

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

Primary route of exposure is usually by inhalation of generated dust and skin contact with the material. As with any chemical product, contact with unprotected bare skin; inhalation of vapor, mist or dust in work place

atmosphere; or ingestion in any form, should be avoided by observing good occupational work practice.

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