

化学品安全技术说明书

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**MSDS标题**

UNIMIN GLASS 150 MSDS报告

**产品标题**

硅土;硅酐;硅石;白炭黑

**CAS号**

60676-86-0

**化学品及企业标识**

**PRODUCT NAME**

UNIMIN GLASS 150

**STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE**

Not considered a hazardous substance according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**NFPA**

Flammability	0
Toxicity	1
Body Contact	0
Reactivity	0
Chronic	0

SCALE: Min/Nil=0 Low=1 Moderate=2 High=3 Extreme=4

## **PRODUCT USE**

Used e.g. in ceramics, glazes and abrasives.

## **SYNONYMS**

"150 Glass", "fine ground glass powder", "milled glass cullet"

## **CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS**

None

## **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

## **RISK**

## **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

## **ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS**

### **SWALLOWED**

Although ingestion is not thought to produce harmful effects, the material may still be damaging to the health of the individual following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g. liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality (death) rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health). Gastrointestinal tract discomfort may produce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant quantities is not thought to be cause for concern. Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments.

### **EYE**

Although the material is not thought to be an irritant, direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterized by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

### **SKIN**

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.

## **INHALED**

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

## **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

Principal routes of exposure are usually by inhalation of generated dust and skin contact with the material. Though considered non-harmful, irritation responses may result from contact because of the abrasive nature of the particles. Treat as a nuisance dust particulate.

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