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### 化学品安全技术说明书

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## MSDS标题

HOLMIUM(III) ACETATE MSDS报告

## 产品标题

乙酸钬单水合物

### CAS号

25519-09-9

化学品及企业标识

# **PRODUCT NAME**

HOLMIUM(III) ACETATE

## **NFPA**

Flammability	1
Toxicity	1
Body Contact	2
Reactivity	0
Chronic	2

SCALE: Min/Nil=0 Low=1 Moderate=2 High=3 Extreme=4

# **PRODUCT USE**

Reagent.

#### **SYNONYMS**

C6-H12-O6-Ho, "acetic acid, holmium(3+)-", "holmium(3+) acetate", "holmium triacetate", "holmium tris(acetate)", "holmium acetate"

#### CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

**RISK** 

## POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

## **ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS**

#### **SWALLOWED**

Although ingestion is not thought to produce harmful effects, the material may still be damaging to the health of the individual following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g. liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality (death) rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health). Gastrointestinal tract discomfort may produce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant quantities is not thought to be cause for concern. Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments.

#### **EYE**

Although the material is not thought to be an irritant, direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterized by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

#### **SKIN**

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.

#### **INHALED**

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product. Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or

chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled. Exposure to vapors of some rare earth salts can cause sensitivity to heat, itching, and increased sensitivity of smell and taste. Other effects include inflamed airways and lung, emphysema, regional narrowing of terminal airways and cell changes. Rarely, excess blood flow has occurred following a delay. Lung cancers can also occur.

### **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

Principal routes of exposure are usually by skin contact and inhalation of generated dust. Holmium is a rare earth metal - heavy type (yttrium family). There has been no reports of poisoning in workers, although the metal can cause chest X-ray abnormalities due to its high density. It can cause scarring of the lungs, anemia and changes in blood cell distribution, due to inhalation of their dusts.

