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化学品安全技术说明书

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MSDS标题

JUGLONE MSDS报告

产品标题

胡桃酮;胡桃醌;5-羟基-4-萘醌

CAS号

481-39-0

化学品及企业标识

PRODUCT NAME

JUGLONE

NFPA

Flammability	1
Toxicity	3
Body Contact	0
Reactivity	1
Chronic	0

SCALE: Min/Nil=0 Low=1 Moderate=2 High=3 Extreme=4

PRODUCT USE

Colouring matter occuring in certain Juglandaceae spp. Also isolated from walnut shells. Sedative in in fish and mammals; inhibits mycelial growth of Fusicladium effusum in pecans. Used also as a pH indicator.

SYNONYMS

"natural product", C10-H6-O3, "1, 4-naphthoquinone, 5-hydroxy-", "1, 4-naphthoquinone, 5-hydroxy-", 5-hydroxynaphthoquinone, 5-hydroxy-1, 4-naphthoquinone", "5-hydroxy-1, 4-naphthalenedione, 5-hydroxy-", "1, 4-naphthalenedione, 5-hydroxy-", "5-hydroxy-1, 4-naphthalenedione", "5-hydroxy-1, 4-naphthalenedione", "5-hydroxy-1, 4-naphthoquinone, 8-hydroxy", "1, 4-naphthoquinone, 8-hydroxy", "8-hydroxy-1, 4-naphthoquinone", "6.I. 75500", "6.I. Natural Brown 7", Iuglon, juglane, lawsone, nucin, "0il red BS", regianin, "extract of juglandaceae", walnut, pecan, sedative, anti-fungal

CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

RISK

Toxic if swallowed. Harmful to aquatic organisms.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

SWALLOWED

Toxic effects may result from the accidental ingestion of the material; animal experiments indicate that ingestion of less than 40 gram may be fatal or may produce serious damage to the health of the individual.

EYE

Although the material is not thought to be an irritant, direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterized by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

SKIN

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. Oper cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material.

INHALED

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless,

good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled.

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

Principal routes of exposure are by accidental skin and eye contact andinhalation of generated dusts. No human exposure data available. For this reason health effects described are based on experience with chemically related materials. As with any chemical product, contact with unprotected bare skin; inhalation of vapor, mist or dust in work place atmosphere; or ingestion in any form, should be avoided by observing good occupational work practice. naphthoquin

