

## 化 学 品 安 全 技 术 说 明 书

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### MSDS标题

HACH ACRIDINE ORANGE SOLUTION AMPULES MSDS报告

### 产品标题

3, 6-双(二甲基氨基)吡啶

### CAS号

65-61-2

### 化学品及企业标识

## PRODUCT NAME

HACH ACRIDINE ORANGE SOLUTION AMPULES

## NFPA

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Flammability                                       | 0 |
| Toxicity   | 2 |
| Body Contact                                       | 0 |
| Reactivity   | 0 |
| Chronic  | 2 |
| SCALE: Min/Nil=0 Low=1 Moderate=2 High=3 Extreme=4 |   |

## PRODUCT USE

Used for microbiological testing.

# **CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS**

## **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

### **RISK**

## **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

### **ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS**

#### **SWALLOWED**

Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. As absorption of phosphates from the bowel is poor, poisoning this way is less likely. Effects can include vomiting, tiredness, fever, diarrhea, low blood pressure, slow pulse, cyanosis, spasms of the wrist, coma and severe body spasms.

#### **EYE**

Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant, direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterized by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

#### **SKIN**

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

#### **INHALED**

The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, adverse effects have been produced following exposure of animals by at least one other route and good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product.

## **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems. Sodium phosphate dibasic can cause stones in the kidney, loss of mineral from the bones and loss of thyroid gland function.

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